Doc. 300.1.1

Date: 28/03/2025

External Evaluation Report

(Conventional-face-to-face programme of study)

- **Higher Education Institution: Cyprus University of Technology**
- Town: Limassol
- School/Faculty (if applicable): Management and **Economics**
- **Department/ Sector: Department of Shipping**
- Programme of study- Shipping (3-8 academic years, 240 ECTS, PhD, conventional) In Greek:

Διδακτορικό στα Ναυτιλιακά

In English:

PhD in Shipping

- Language(s) of instruction: Greek
- Programme's status: New
- Concentrations (if any): N/A

In Greek: N/A In English: N/A

ΚΥΠΡΙΑΚΗ ΔΗΜΟΚΡΑΤΙΑ

REPUBLIC OF CYPRUS

The present document has been prepared within the framework of the authority and competencies of the Cyprus Agency of Quality Assurance and Accreditation in Higher Education, according to the provisions of the "Quality Assurance and Accreditation of Higher Education and the Establishment and Operation of an Agency on Related Matters Laws" of 2015 to 2021 [L.136(I)/2015 – L.132(I)/2021].

A. Introduction

This part includes basic information regarding the onsite visit.

On the morning/afternoon of the 27th of March 2025, the on-site visit of the EEC members to the concerned institution took place.

At the beginning of the meeting, after an informal introduction, the members of the EEC met with the Vice Rector of Academic Affairs, who provided a short presentation of the Institution under evaluation, followed by a brief discussion. Next, the head of the relevant department and the coordinator of the programme presented the mission and the strategic planning for this new initiative. A discussion regarding the content and the standards of the programme of study (with the Head of the relevant department and the Coordination Committee of that programme) took place next.

Subsequently, a meeting with members of the teaching staff on each course was executed, followed with the necessary exchange of views with relevant "External Stakeholders". Next a meeting with existing students and recent graduates facilitated a better understanding of the associated practices. Additionally, a meeting with members from the Administrative Staff, followed by a visit to the premises of the institution (library, computer labs, teaching rooms, research facilities) was used to receive necessary input about administrative support relating to the programme under evaluation.

B. External Evaluation Committee (EEC)

Name	Position	University
Dimitrios Dalaklis	Professor (Safety and Security)	World Maritime University
Michele Acciaro	Assoc. Professor (Maritime Economics and Management)	Copenhagen Business School
Jin Wang	Professor (Marine Technology)	Liverpool John Moores University
Katerina Demitriadou	Student	University of Cyprus
Name	Position	University
Name	Position	University

C. Guidelines on content and structure of the report

- The external evaluation report follows the structure of assessment areas.
- At the beginning of each assessment area there is a box presenting:
 - (a) sub-areas
 - (b) standards which are relevant to the European Standards and Guidelines (ESG)
 - (c) some questions that EEC may find useful.
- The questions aim at facilitating the understanding of each assessment area and at illustrating the range of topics covered by the standards.
- Under each assessment area, it is important to provide information regarding the compliance with the requirements of each sub-area. In particular, the following must be included:

Findings

A short description of the situation in the Higher Education Institution (HEI), based on elements from the application for external evaluation and on findings from the onsite visit.

Strengths

A list of strengths, e.g. examples of good practices, achievements, innovative solutions etc.

Areas of improvement and recommendations

A list of problem areas to be dealt with, followed by or linked to the recommendations of how to improve the situation.

- The EEC should state the compliance for each sub-area (Non-compliant, Partially compliant, Compliant), which must be in agreement with everything stated in the report. It is pointed out that, in the case of standards that cannot be applied due to the status of the HEI and/or of the programme of study, N/A (= Not Applicable) should be noted.
- The EEC should state the conclusions and final remarks regarding the programme of study as a whole.
- The report may also address other issues which the EEC finds relevant.

1. Study programme and study programme's design and development (ESG 1.1, 1.2, 1.7, 1.8, 1.9)

Sub-areas

- 1.1 Policy for quality assurance
- 1.2 Design, approval, on-going monitoring and review
- 1.3 Public information
- 1.4 Information management

1.1 Policy for quality assurance

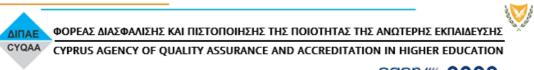
Standards

- Policy for quality assurance of the programme of study:
 - o is a part of the strategic management of the program.
 - o focuses on the achievement of special goals related to the quality assurance of the study program.
 - o has a formal status and is publicly available
 - supports the organisation of the quality assurance system through appropriate structures, regulations and processes
 - o supports teaching, administrative staff and students to take on their responsibilities in quality assurance
 - o ensures academic integrity and freedom and is vigilant against academic fraud
 - guards against intolerance of any kind or discrimination against the students or staff
 - o supports the involvement of external stakeholders
 - is developed with input from industry leaders and other stakeholders (i.e. industry leaders, professional bodies/associations, social partners, NGO's, governmental agencies) to align with professional standards.
 - integrates employer surveys to adapt to evolving workplace demands.
 - regularly utilizes alumni feedback for long-term effectiveness assessment.
 - is published and implemented by all stakeholders.

1.2 Design, approval, on-going monitoring and review

Standards

- The programme of study:
 - o is designed with overall programme objectives that are in line with the institutional strategy and have explicit intended learning outcomes





- Aligns course learning outcomes with student assessments using rubrics to ensure objectives are met.
- o Connects each course's aims and objectives with the programme's overall aims and objectives through mapping, aligning with the institutional strategy.
- o is designed by involving students and other stakeholders
- benefits from external expertise
- o reflects the four purposes of higher education of the Council of Europe (preparation for sustainable employment, personal development, preparation for life as active citizens in democratic societies, the development and maintenance, through teaching, learning and research, of a broad, advanced knowledge base)
- o is designed so that it enables smooth student progression
- o is designed so that the exams' and assignments' content corresponds to the level of the programme and the number of ECTS
- o defines the expected student workload in ECTS
- o includes well-structured placement opportunities where appropriate
- o is subject to a formal institutional approval process
- results in a qualification that is clearly specified and communicated, and refers to the correct level of the National Qualifications Framework for Higher Education and, consequently, to the Framework for Qualifications of the European Higher Education Area
- o is regularly monitored in the light of the latest research in the given discipline, thus ensuring that the programme is up-to-date
- is periodically reviewed so that it takes into account the changing needs of society, the students' workload, progression and completion, the effectiveness of procedures for assessment of students, student expectations, needs and satisfaction in relation to the programme
- o is reviewed and revised regularly involving students and other stakeholders
 - collaborates with industry experts for curriculum development.
 - conducts joint reviews with external academic specialists to maintain academic rigor.
 - performs periodic assessments with external stakeholders to ensure continuous alignment with market needs.
 - establishes collaboration with international educational institutions or/& other relevant international bodies for a global perspective.
 - conducts regular feedback sessions with local community leaders for societal relevance.

1.3 Public information

<u>Standards</u>

- Regarding the programme of study, clear, accurate, up-to date and readily accessible information is published about:
 - o selection criteria
 - o intended learning outcomes

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- o qualification awarded
- o teaching, learning and assessment procedures
- o pass rates
- o learning opportunities available to the students
- o graduate employment information

In addition, the program has established mechanisms of transparency & communication to ensure that

- o Professional bodies validate program descriptions and outcomes.
- Community leaders actively participate in ensuring that the program's public information is relevant and resonates with the local and societal context.
- External auditors review public information for accuracy & consistency vis-àvis the actual implementation of the program.
- o Industry-specific & societal information is regularly updated with expert inputs.
- o Alumni testimonials are included for a realistic portrayal of program outcomes.

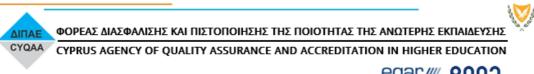
1.4 Information management

Standards

- Information for the effective management of the programme of study is collected, monitored and analysed using specific indicators and data i.e:
 - kev performance indicators
 - o profile of the student population
 - o student progression, success and drop-out rates
 - o students' satisfaction with their programmes
 - o learning resources and student support available
 - o career paths of graduates
 - o industry trend analysis.
 - o feedback mechanisms from external partners/stakeholders
 - o data exchanges with professional networks
 - o employer insights concerning career readiness
- Students and staff are involved in providing and analysing information and planning follow-up activities.

You may also consider the following questions:

- What is the procedure for quality assurance of the programme and who is involved?
- Who is involved in the study programme's design and development (launching, changing, internal evaluation) and what is taken into account (strategies, the needs of society, etc.)?
- How/to what extent are students themselves involved in the development of the content of their studies?



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- Please evaluate a) whether the study programme remains current and consistent with developments in society (labour market, digital technologies, etc.), and b) whether the content and objectives of the study programme are in accordance with each other?
- Do the content and the delivery of the programme correspond to the European Qualifications Framework (EQF)?
- How is coherence of the study programme ensured, i.e., logical sequence and coherence of courses? How are substantial overlaps between courses avoided? How is it ensured that the teaching staff is aware of the content and outputs of their colleagues' work within the same study programme?
- How does the study programme support development of the learners' general competencies (including digital literacy, foreign language skills, entrepreneurship, communication and teamwork skills)?
- What are the scope and objectives of the foundation courses in the study programme (where appropriate)? What are the pass rates?
- How long does it take a student on average to graduate? Is the graduation rate for the study programme analogous to other European programmes with similar content? What is the pass rate per course/semester?
- How is it ensured that the actual student workload is in accordance with the workload expressed by ECTS?
- What are the opportunities for international students to participate in the study programme (courses/modules taught in a foreign language)?
- Is information related to the programme of study publicly available?
- How is the HEI evaluating the success of its graduates in the labor market? What is the feedback from graduates of the study programme on their employment and/or continuation of studies?
- Have the results of student feedback been analysed and taken into account, and how (e.g., when planning in-service training for the teaching staff)?
- What are the reasons for dropping out (voluntary withdrawal)? What has been done to reduce the number of such students?
- How and to what extent are external stakeholders involved in the quality assurance process of the program?
- How is external stakeholder feedback gathered, analyzed and implemented,?
- In what ways do external stakeholders assist in making program information publicly available?
- How do external stakeholders contribute to evaluating graduate success in the labor market and obtaining feedback on employment outcomes?

Findings

A short description of the situation in the Higher Education Institution (HEI), based on elements from the application for external evaluation and on findings from the onsite visit.

An acceptable policy for quality assurance at the University level as well as programme level is available. Relevant documentation was made available to the members of the EEC. An organised structure is in place and proceedings of work are available, along with a dedicated way to provide feedback/necessary improvements.

The programme is designed in a clear manner and is considered as appropriate for PhD studies. Workloads are managed in a structured way and inputs from external stakeholders are integrated in a very appropriate manner towards the activities of the programme. Feedback from staff and students is also utilised in an appropriate way.

Information about the programme is made available via appropriate means to the public/possible candidates and students.

Statistics, feedback, and industry insights are used to manage/support the programme of study with involvement of student, staff and external stakeholders.

Strengths

A list of strengths, e.g. examples of good practices, achievements, innovative solutions etc.

Support from external stakeholders brings into the programme the industry perspective in an excellent manner.

Support to this new initiative was evident from all levels of the University, including administrative staff.

The programme, although new, is effectively capitalising on activities relating to the already existing shipping-related programmes (undergraduate/Master level). Moreover, other existing PhD programmes of the Cyprus University of Technology provide a blue-print to the new programme, that can build on existing practices and procedures.

This new initiative is intended to respond to a strategic need of the industry, the University itself, as well on the host country by considering the role of the shipping industry in the economy of the country.

Areas of improvement and recommendations

A list of problem areas to be dealt with, followed by or linked to the recommendations of how to improve the situation.

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Information related to the programme structure should be provided in a more clear, timely and transparent manner by means, for example, of a regularly-updated student handbook.

A more clearly-documented and comprehensive learning path for students is recommended. For example, progression milestones, as well as any other student obligations/achievements should be formally recorded in Individual Study Plans with the supervisors.

Information towards students/perspective Candidates of the overall expected duration (for completing 240 ECTS) prior to the commencement of the programme is necessary.

Transitional arrangements for current students should be formally documented.

Quality assurance processes need to be better documented. There is a need to follow a quality assurance mechanism that corresponds to a clearly-structured way of doing the associated work. For example, it is recommend to integrate a timeframe of committee meetings, as well as a formal records of meetings for all associated activities, including actions and results.

Please select what is appropriate for each of the following sub-areas:

Sub-	area	Non-compliant/ Partially Compliant/Compliant
1.1	Policy for quality assurance	Compliant
1.2	Design, approval, on-going monitoring and review	Compliant
1.3	Public information	Compliant
1.4	Information management	Compliant

2. Student – centred learning, teaching and assessment (ESG 1.3)

Sub-areas

- 2.1 Process of teaching and learning and student-centred teaching methodology
- 2.2 Practical training
- 2.3 Student assessment

2.1 Process of teaching and learning and student-centred teaching methodology

Standards

- The process of teaching and learning supports students' individual and social development.
- The process of teaching and learning is flexible, considers different modes of delivery, where appropriate, uses a variety of pedagogical methods and facilitates the achievement of planned learning outcomes.
- Students are encouraged to take an active role in creating the learning process.
- The implementation of student-centered learning and teaching encourages a sense of autonomy in the learner, while ensuring adequate guidance and support from the teacher.
- Teaching methods, tools and material used in teaching are modern, effective, support the use of modern educational technologies and are regularly updated.
- Mutual respect within the learner-teacher relationship is promoted.
- The implementation of student-centred learning and teaching respects and attends to the diversity of students and their needs, enabling flexible learning paths.
- Appropriate procedures for dealing with students' complaints regarding the process of teaching and learning are set.
- Detailed schedules in course materials are included, explicitly stating the expected hours for lectures, self-study, and group projects, ensuring transparency in time allocation.
- A system is integrated where each learning activity is assigned a weight proportional to its importance and time requirement, aiding in balanced curriculum design.

2.2 Practical training

Standards

- Practical and theoretical studies are interconnected.
- The organisation and the content of practical training, if applicable, support achievement of planned learning outcomes and meet the needs of the stakeholders.

- The expected hours for different components of practical training, such as lab work, fieldwork, and internships are clearly documented in the training manuals
- A weighting system is applied to various practical training elements, reflecting their significance in the overall learning outcomes and student workload.

2.3 Student assessment

Standards

- Assessment is consistent, fairly applied to all students and carried out in accordance with the stated procedures.
- Assessment is appropriate, transparent, objective and supports the development of the learner
- The criteria for the method of assessment, as well as criteria for marking, are published in advance.
- Assessment allows students to demonstrate the extent to which the intended learning outcomes have been achieved. Students are given feedback, which, if necessary, is linked to advice on the learning process.
- Assessment, where possible, is carried out by more than one examiner.
- A formal procedure for student appeals is in place.
- Assessors are familiar with existing testing and examination methods and receive support in developing their own skills in this field.
- The regulations for assessment take into account mitigating circumstances.
 - The time allocation for each assessment task is explicitly stated in course outlines, ensuring students are aware of the expected workload.
 - A balanced assessment weighting strategy is implemented, considering the complexity and learning objectives of each task, to ensure fair evaluation of student performance.

You may also consider the following questions:

- How is it monitored that the teaching staff base their teaching and assessment methods on objectives and intended learning outcomes? Provide samples of examination papers (if available).
- How are students' different abilities, learning needs and learning opportunities taken into consideration when conducting educational activities?
- How is the development of students' general competencies (including digital skills) supported in educational activities?
- How is it ensured that innovative teaching methods, learning environments and learning aids that support learning are diverse and used in educational activities?
- Is the teaching staff using new technology in order to make the teaching process more effective?
- How is it ensured that theory and practice are interconnected in teaching and learning?

- How is practical training organised (finding practical training positions, guidelines for practical training, supervision, reporting, feedback, etc.)? What role does practical training have in achieving the objectives of the study programme? What is student feedback on the content and arrangement of practical training?
- Are students actively involved in research? How is student involvement in research set up?
- How is supervision of student research papers (seminar papers, projects, theses, etc.) organised?
- Do students' assessments correspond to the European Qualifications Framework (EQF)?
- How are the assessment methods chosen and to what extent do students get supportive feedback on their academic progress during their studies?
- How is the objectivity and relevance of student assessment ensured (assessment of the degree of achievement of the intended learning outcomes)?

Findings

A short description of the situation in the Higher Education Institution (HEI), based on elements from the application for external evaluation and on findings from the onsite visit.

The processes of teaching and learning are student-centric focused and satisfactorily meet the needs of the programme. Information about the content of the programme is available, although not all details are always provided in a timely manner. A certain element of practical training is included in accordance with the expectation of a PhD programme. Students' assessment is consistent, fairly applied, and transparent for most components of the programme. Adequate procedures for appeals and complains are in place.

Strengths

A list of strengths, e.g. examples of good practices, achievements, innovative solutions etc.

Given the small size of the programme, necessary adaptation and adjustments for individual cases can be provided in a timely manner and in accordance with established policies.

Students are actively engaged in research activities according to the relevant documentation provided.

Students are well exposed to industry perspectives and input from numerous external stakeholders, in alignment with the strong applied nature of the programme.

Areas of improvement and recommendations

A list of problem areas to be dealt with, followed by or linked to the recommendations of how to improve the situation.

It is recommended to develop a document outlining the Criteria for Successfully Completion of a PhD. Ideally, this document should link with the Individual Study Plans (ISP) previously mentioned. Explicit criteria for evaluation of

success relating to the overall PhD effort should be made available to all parties, including students and external members of the PhD Committee.

Candidates' participation in teaching activities is recommended and should be well documented/clearly communicated; for this, the utilisation of the ISP could streamline all associated actions.

Apart from the standard support that the designated supervisor will provide, it would be beneficial to establish additional line(s) for student/Candidate support, such as the designation of a "PhD representative", or any other informal support network.

Given the small size of the programme, access to courses provided by other institutions (i.e., through joined doctoral networks) should be enhanced.

Funding for participation in research activities (such as conferences and training) should be available in a transparent and fair manner to students/candidates.

Please select what is appropriate for each of the following sub-areas:

		Non-compliant/
Sub-	area	Partially Compliant/Compliant
2.1	Process of teaching and learning and student- centred teaching methodology	Compliant
2.2	Practical training	Compliant
2.3	Student assessment	Compliant

3. Teaching staff (ESG 1.5)

Sub-areas

- 3.1 Teaching staff recruitment and development
- 3.2 Teaching staff number and status
- 3.3 Synergies of teaching and research

3.1 Teaching staff recruitment and development

Standards

- Institutions ensure the competence of their teaching staff.
- Fair, transparent and clear processes for the recruitment and development of the teaching staff are set up.
- Teaching staff qualifications are adequate to achieve the objectives and planned learning outcomes of the study programme, and to ensure quality and sustainability of the teaching and learning.

- The teaching staff is regularly engaged in professional and teaching-skills training and development.
- Promotion of the teaching staff takes into account the quality of their teaching, their research activity, the development of their teaching skills and their mobility.
- Innovation in teaching methods and the use of new technologies is encouraged.
- Conditions of employment that recognise the importance of teaching are followed.
- Recognised visiting teaching staff participates in teaching the study programme.

3.2 Teaching staff number and status

Standards

- The number of the teaching staff is adequate to support the programme of study.
- The teaching staff status (rank, full/part time) is appropriate to offer a quality programme of study.
- Visiting staff number does not exceed the number of the permanent staff.

3.3 Synergies of teaching and research

Standards

- The teaching staff collaborate in the fields of teaching and research within the HEI and with partners outside (practitioners in their fields, employers, and staff members at other HEIs in Cyprus or abroad).
- Scholarly activity to strengthen the link between education and research is encouraged.
- The teaching staff publications are within the discipline.
- Teaching staff studies and publications are closely related to the programme's courses.
- The allocation of teaching hours compared to the time for research activity is appropriate.

You may also consider the following questions:

- How are the members of the teaching staff supported with regard to the development of their teaching skills? How is feedback given to members of the teaching staff regarding their teaching results and teaching skills?
- How is the teaching performance assessed? How does their teaching performance affect their remuneration, evaluation and/or selection?
- Is teaching connected with research?
- Does the HEI involve visiting teaching staff from other HEIs in Cyprus and abroad?
- What is the number, workload, qualifications and status of the teaching staff (rank, full/part timers)?

• Is student evaluation conducted on the teaching staff? If yes, have the results of student feedback been analysed and taken into account, and how (e.g., when planning in-service training for the teaching staff)?

Findings

A short description of the situation in the Higher Education Institution (HEI), based on elements from the application for external evaluation and on findings from the onsite visit.

The teaching staff is of high quality and clearly able to provide the necessary mentoring towards a PhD effort. Adequate measures are in place for successfully recruiting new members of staff and further developing teaching staff capabilities. Current teaching staff numbers are appropriate to the existing state of the programme under evaluation, although it is noted that the number of faculty members available for supervision is limited. Teaching capacity growth is envisioned in order to meet planned expansion of the programme. Appropriate participation of visiting teaching staff is enriching the programme. All teaching staff is active in research and other scholarly activities.

Strengths

A list of strengths, e.g. examples of good practices, achievements, innovative solutions etc.

Existing staff members are fully capable of serving as academic supervisors and provide necessary mentoring to students/candidates, as documented by their record of academic activities, including previous involvement into PhD supervision and scientific publications.

The current ratio of existing students/faculty supervisors is viewed as satisfactory; adequate plans to accommodate future growth are already in place.

Areas of improvement and recommendations

A list of problem areas to be dealt with, followed by or linked to the recommendations of how to improve the situation.

Formal guidelines for PhD supervisors should be created.

Less experienced PhD supervisors should be given the opportunity for additional training and further developing their mentoring skills.

A more effective way of managing the PhD supervisor workload should be introduced, for example formally designating an upper limit to the number of students/candidates under supervision.

For the time being the programme shows primarily an internal focus; it is recommended to consider mobility opportunities for staff and students.

Please select what is appropriate for each of the following sub-areas:

Sub-	area	Non-compliant/ Partially Compliant/Compliant
3.1	Teaching staff recruitment and development	Compliant
3.2	Teaching staff number and status	Compliant
3.3	Synergies of teaching and research	Compliant

4. Student admission, progression, recognition and certification (ESG 1.4)

Sub-areas

- 4.1 Student admission, processes and criteria
- 4.2 Student progression
- 4.3 Student recognition
- 4.4 Student certification

4.1 Student admission, processes and criteria

Standards

- Pre-defined and published regulations regarding student admission are in place.
- Access policies, admission processes and criteria are implemented consistently and in a transparent manner.

4.2 Student progression

Standards

- Pre-defined and published regulations regarding student progression are in place.
- Processes and tools to collect, monitor and act on information on student progression, are in place.

4.3 Student recognition

<u>Standards</u>

- Pre-defined and published regulations regarding student recognition are in place.
- Fair recognition of higher education qualifications, periods of study and prior learning, including the recognition of non-formal and informal learning, are essential components for ensuring the students' progress in their studies, while promoting mobility.
- Appropriate recognition procedures are in place that rely on:
 - institutional practice for recognition being in line with the principles of the Lisbon Recognition Convention
 - cooperation with other institutions, quality assurance agencies and the national ENIC/NARIC centre with a view to ensuring coherent recognition across the country

4.4 Student certification

Standards

- Pre-defined and published regulations regarding student certification are in place.
- Students receive certification explaining the qualification gained, including achieved learning outcomes and the context, level, content and status of the studies that were pursued and successfully completed.

You may also consider the following questions:

- Are the admission requirements for the study programme appropriate? How is the students' prior preparation/education assessed (including the level of international students, for example)?
- How is the procedure of recognition for prior learning and work experience ensured, including recognition of study results acquired at foreign higher education institutions?
- Is the certification of the HEI accompanied by a diploma supplement, which is in line with European and international standards?

Findings

A short description of the situation in the Higher Education Institution (HEI), based on elements from the application for external evaluation and on findings from the onsite visit.

Adequate procedures for student admission are in place. Admission processes and criteria are well documented and transparent. Satisfactory processes and tools for monitoring students/candidates' progression are also in place. Rules and procedures for recognition of the overall educational activities are appropriate and in accordance with the University standards. Information and rules regarding students' certification are well established.

Strengths

A list of strengths, e.g. examples of good practices, achievements, innovative solutions etc.

Students' admission criteria are well defined.

The students/candidates recruiting procedures are transparent and documented.

Areas of improvement and recommendations

A list of problem areas to be dealt with, followed by or linked to the recommendations of how to improve the situation.

A harmonisation effort in relation to issuing calls for PhD candidates should be considered.

Programme should consider online teaching and recording as an alternative to physical presence, especially when students are absent.

Please select what is appropriate for each of the following sub-areas:

		Non-compliant/
Sub-	-area	Partially Compliant/Compliant
4.1	Student admission, processes and criteria	Compliant
4.2	Student progression	Compliant
4.3	Student recognition	Compliant
4.4	Student certification	Compliant

5. Learning resources and student support (ESG 1.6)

Sub-areas

- 5.1 Teaching and Learning resources
- 5.2 Physical resources
- 5.3 Human support resources
- 5.4 Student support

5.1 Teaching and Learning resources

Standards

- Adequate and readily accessible teaching and learning resources (teaching and learning environments, materials, aids and equipment) are provided to students and support the achievement of objectives in the study programme.
- Adequacy of resources is ensured for changing circumstances (change in student numbers, etc.).
- All resources are fit for purpose.
- Student-centred learning and flexible modes of learning and teaching, are taken into account when allocating, planning and providing the learning resources.

5.2 Physical resources

Standards

- Physical resources, i.e. premises, libraries, study facilities, IT infrastructure, are adequate to support the study programme.
- Adequacy of resources is ensured for changing circumstances (change in student numbers, etc.).
- All resources are fit for purpose and students are informed about the services available to them.

5.3 Human support resources

Standards

- Human support resources, i.e. tutors/mentors, counsellors, other advisers, qualified administrative staff, are adequate to support the study programme.
- Adequacy of resources is ensured for changing circumstances (change in student numbers, etc.).

 All resources are fit for purpose and students are informed about the services available to them.

5.4 Student support

Standards

- Student support is provided covering the needs of a diverse student population, such as mature, part-time, employed and international students and students with special needs.
- Students are informed about the services available to them.
- Student-centred learning and flexible modes of learning and teaching, are taken into account when allocating, planning and providing student support.
- Students' mobility within and across higher education systems is encouraged and supported.
- Students receive support in research-led teaching through engagement in research projects, mentorship from research-active faculty, and access to resources that enhance their research skills and critical engagement with current studies.

You may also consider the following questions:

- Evaluate the supply of teaching materials and equipment (including teaching labs, expendable materials, etc.), the condition of classrooms, adequacy of financial resources to conduct the study programme and achieve its objectives. What needs to be supplemented/ improved?
- What is the feedback from the teaching staff on the availability of teaching materials, classrooms, etc.?
- Are the resources in accordance with actual (changing) needs and contemporary requirements? How is the effectiveness of using resources ensured?
- What are the resource-related trends and future risks (risks arising from changing numbers of students, obsolescence of teaching equipment, etc.)? How are these trends taken into account and how are the risks mitigated?
- Evaluate student feedback on support services. Based on student feedback, which support services (including information flow, counselling) need further development?
- How is student learning within the standard period of study supported (student counselling, flexibility of the study programme, etc.)?
- How students' special needs are considered (different capabilities, different levels of academic preparation, special needs due to physical disabilities, etc.)?
- How is student mobility being supported?

Findings

A short description of the situation in the Higher Education Institution (HEI), based on elements from the application for external evaluation and on findings from the onsite visit.

The members of the EEC identify that teaching and learning resources are adequate for the programme. The physical infrastructure (including premises, library, study facilities and IT) is very good. Human support resources are available and fit for purpose. Student support services are of good quality and well structured.

Strengths

A list of strengths, e.g. examples of good practices, achievements, innovative solutions etc.

The overall framework of support is positively contributing to students/candidates' success.

The programme can rely on the existing supporting services that are already established by the University.

Areas of improvement and recommendations

A list of problem areas to be dealt with, followed by or linked to the recommendations of how to improve the situation.

A dedicated portal, utilised for the dissemination of relevant information to the programme should be considered.

Please select what is appropriate for each of the following sub-areas:

Sub-	area	Non-compliant/ Partially Compliant/Compliant
5.1	Teaching and Learning resources	Compliant
5.2	Physical resources	Compliant
5.3	Human support resources	Compliant
5.4	Student support	Compliant

6. Additional for doctoral programmes (ALL ESG)

Sub-areas

- 6.1 Selection criteria and requirements
- 6.2 Proposal and dissertation
- 6.3 Supervision and committees

6.1 Selection criteria and requirements

Standards

- Specific criteria that the potential students need to meet for admission in the programme, as well as how the selection procedures are made, are defined.
- The following requirements of the doctoral degree programme are analysed and published:
 - the stages of completion
 - o the minimum and maximum time of completing the programme
 - o the examinations
 - o the procedures for supporting and accepting the student's proposal
 - o the criteria for obtaining the Ph.D. degree

6.2 Proposal and dissertation

Standards

- Specific and clear guidelines for the writing of the proposal and the dissertation are set regarding:
 - o the chapters that are contained
 - o the system used for the presentation of each chapter, sub-chapters and bibliography
 - o the minimum word limit
 - o the binding, the cover page and the prologue pages, including the pages supporting the authenticity, originality and importance of the dissertation, as well as the reference to the committee for the final evaluation
- There is a plagiarism check system. Information is provided on the detection of plagiarism and the consequences in case of such misconduct.
- The process of submitting the dissertation to the university library is set.

6.3 Supervision and committees

Standards

- The composition, the procedure and the criteria for the formation of the advisory committee (to whom the doctoral student submits the research proposal) are determined.
- The composition, the procedure and the criteria for the formation of the examining committee (to whom the doctoral student defends his/her dissertation), are determined.
- The duties of the supervisor-chairperson and the other members of the advisory committee towards the student are determined and include:
 - o regular meetings

- o reports per semester and feedback from supervisors
- support for writing research papers
- o participation in conferences
- The number of doctoral students that each chairperson supervises at the same time are determined.

You may also consider the following questions:

- How is the scientific quality of the PhD thesis ensured?
- Is there a link between the doctoral programmes of study and the society? What is the value of the obtained degree outside academia and in the labour market?
- Are the criteria reflected in dissertation samples?

Findings

A short description of the situation in the Higher Education Institution (HEI), based on elements from the application for external evaluation and on findings from the onsite visit.

Selection criteria for students/candidates are aligned with best practices. Upper and lower time limits for the award of the degree are provided and detailed guidance about how to fulfil requirements is adequately documented. Guidelines for the write up of the proposal and dissertation are sufficient. The composition and work procedures of the relevant committees are well specified, although it is not formalised how many students can be supervised by a single member of staff.

Strengths

A list of strengths, e.g. examples of good practices, achievements, innovative solutions etc.

The scientific quality of the PhD Thesis is ensured by the research expertise of the supervision team.

The link between the doctoral work and the society is very strong.

Areas of improvement and recommendations

A list of problem areas to be dealt with, followed by or linked to the recommendations of how to improve the situation.

Effective management of the supervisors' workload should be formalised (refer to previous sections for further recommendations).

It is worth considering integrating workshops that are dealing with themes like communication skills, philosophy of science, paper writing, qualitative methods, intellectual property, data management etc., to support the students/candidates during their overall PhD effort.

The requirements and prerequisites for completing a PhD should be clearly defined, transparent, and well-structured from the beginning. This ensures that students fully understand the academic expectations and can plan their studies effectively.

A well-organized curriculum, including both mandatory and elective courses, should be made available on-line in advance. Course availability per semester, along with specific dates and times, should be provided ahead of time to allow students to create a structured academic plan.

A clear roadmap of course requirements should be provided, so that students can make informed decisions about their research focus, workload distribution, and time management.

Please select what is appropriate for each of the following sub-areas:

		Non-compliant/
Sub-	area	Partially Compliant/Compliant
6.1	Selection criteria and requirements	Compliant
6.2	Proposal and dissertation	Compliant
6.3	Supervision and committees	Compliant

D. Conclusions and final remarks

Please provide constructive conclusions and final remarks which may form the basis upon which improvements of the quality of the programme of study under review may be achieved, with emphasis on the correspondence with the EQF.

The overall status of the programme under evaluation is considered by all members of the EEC as satisfactory.

The expertise of staff is ensuring that high academic standards are maintained.

The development of the programme with an established university is ensuring that facilities, procedures and resources are available and adequate.

It is viewed as a strategic advantage that the programme provides a response to the needs of the industry and also helps to promote an important sector for the Cypriot economy. At the same time, the programme supports the strategic vision of the host university.

The size of the programme ensures adaptability and flexibility to meet the needs of forming PhD effective researchers within the domain of shipping. However, as the programme grows, its size and available resources and the limited formal structures currently in place may be viewed as a risk.

It is recommended that from now on emphasis should be placed on documenting and formalising further procedures and criteria necessary for the delivery of the programme.

More guidance is available in the previous corresponding sections.

E. Signatures of the EEC

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